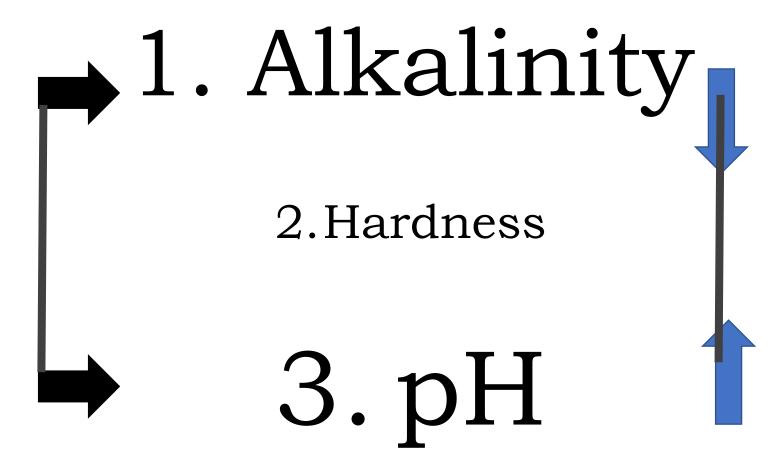
#### PAGE 1:

In Sequence of balancing one at a time



4. Cyanuric (conditioner)

5. Chlorine (s)

Pool chemistry in PPM parts per million, except phosphates (which is PPB billion)

- 1. Total Alkalinity 125—150
- 2. Hardness 240—300 (some tap water or older pools might be over 500!)
  - 3. pH 7.2—7.6 (summer): 4. (winter) 7.6—7.8
- 5. Conditioner (Cyanuric Acid)
  (initial 20—40)
  (Later needs to be 80—100 for saltwater)
  - 6. Free Chlorine: 1—3: Total chlorine: 1—4

- Phosphates (less than 500 PPB) otherwise greenish pool water
- TDS (total dissolved solids): less than 1200
- Nitrate keep below 9

Phosphates: TDS (total dissolved solids): Test Nitrates at Leslies

### This is really simple but is important. Avoid a false reading: get an accurate reading.

- 1. Take the alkalinity reading (say 100)
- 2. Put the number aside (100)
- 3. Take the cyanuric reading (say 60)
- 4. Divide the cyanuric reading by 3 (20)
- 5. Subtract 20 from the alkalinity number
- 6. The answer is ADJUSTED alkalinity

EG.

Total alkalinity 100 Cyanuric is 60 Total alkalinity 100 minus 20 = 80 adjusted alkalinity

# 10,000 gallons

#### **ADDING CHEMICALS**

Numbers on chemical bottles/buckets are calculated on 10,000 gallons of water.

If your pool is 1500 gallons more than 10,000 gallons, add **15%** more to the 10k calculation to the bottle/bucket instructions (multiply by 1.15).

Or if it is less than 10k, say 8,000 gallons, then use .80 multiplied by the 10k formula.

Remember this is for 10,000 gallons

## For Alkalinity and pH

If pH is 7.8, reduce to 7.2:

add 3 pounds of dry acid (pH down or pH decreaser)

OR, if using muriatic (liquid), add 36 FL OZ. It is 3 pounds of dry acid to 36 fl oz of muriatic

Mix dry acid in a gallon of pool water with a paddle until dissolved.

Pour it into the skimmer with the pump on high speed.

#### Formula:

for every 1/10 PPM (e.g. 7.8 to 7.7), add  $\frac{1}{2}$  pound.

$$7.8 - 7.2 = .6$$

 $6 \times .5 \text{ dry acid} = 3 \text{ pounds}$ 

## Page 4:

### This is really simple but is important.

- 1. Take the alkalinity reading (say 150PPM)
- 2. Put the number aside (150)
- 3. Take the cyanuric reading (say 60)
- 4. Divide the cyanuric reading by 3 (20)
- 5. Subtract it from the alkalinity number
- 6. The answer is ADJUSTED alkalinity

#### EG.

Total alkalinity 150PPM
Cyanuric is 60PPM
Total alkalinity 150 minus 20 = 130 adjusted alkalinity



## AS A NEW POOL OWNER WHAT ARE MY RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1. TAKE SOURCE WATER TO BE TESTED FOR METALS BEFORE POOL IS FILLED.
- 2. MAKE SURE A FILTER IS USED TO FILL POOL.
- 3. DO NOT TURN OFF WATER WHILE POOL IS FILLING. RUN POOL 24 HRS A DAY FOR FIRST 28 DAYS.
- 4. DO NOT SWIM UNTIL POOL IS PROPERLY BALANCED 5-7 DAYS
- 5. DO NOT TURN ON HEATER FOR FIRST 28 DAYS.
- 6. MAKE SURE A SEQUESTERING AGENT IS ADDED AFTER POOL IS FILLED.
  ORENDA SC1000 IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED FOR QUARTZ SCAPES AND STONE SCAPES.
  ADDITION OF 1 QT PER 10,000, 14 DAYS LATER SAME DOSAGE AND 3 OZ PER 5,000
  EACH WEEK AFTER THAT.
- 7. DO NOT SHOCK POOL FOR AT LEAST 14 DAYS. FILL CHLORINATOR, OPEN TO MAX, BREAK UP TABS IN SKIMMER TO ESTABLISH CHLORINE RESIDUAL.
- 8. BRUSH POOL TWICE DAILY FOR FIRST 28 DAYS. ONCE A WEEK AFTERWARDS
- 9. KEEP POOL WATER BALANCED.
- 10. USE AT LEAST 4 IN 1 TEST KIT, TESTING ONCE A WEEK. TAKE TO PROFESSIONAL AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH. ALWAYS KEEP CHEMICAL TEST RESULTS. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY VOID YOUR WARRANTY.
- 11. KEEP SKIMMER BASKETS CLEAN.
- 12. OPERATE POOL FILTER DURING THE DAY IN SUMMER, NIGHT TIME IN WINTER.
- 13. MAKE SURE FILTER IS RUNNING THE PROPER AMOUNT OF TIME PER DAY.
- 14. IF YOU DISCOVER ANY FINISH ISSUE, CONTACT YOUR BUILDER, IF NECESSARY HE OR SHE WILL CONTACT NPT.

#### **BALANCED POOL**

	_				_		_	
1.	ADJUSTED	ALKALINITY	80-110	PPM	ΤΩΤΔΙ	<b>AIKAIINITY</b>	′ 125-150	PPM

- 2. PH 7.2-7.8 (LOWER IN SUMMER, HIGHER IN WINTER)
- 3. CALCIUM HARDNESS 200-275 PPM
- 4. CYA 20-40 PPM
- 5. FREE CHLORINE 1.0-3.0
- 6. TDS BELOW 1200 PPM
- 7. PHOSPHATES BELOW 100 PPB
- 8. NITRATES BELOW 9 PPM

#### OWNER POOL FINISH WARRANTY INFORMATION

#### **IMPORTANT DO'S AND DON'TS**

- DO NOT TURN WATER OFF WHILE POOL IS FILLING. BATHTUB RINGS ARE PERMANENT.
- 2. BRUSHING TWICE A DAY IS ESSENTIAL. DETERMINE WHO WILL BE DOING BRUSHING.
- DO GET WATER TEST WEEKLY BY A PROFESSIONAL. RECORDS NEED TO BE KEPT.
- 4. DO NOT ALLOW ANY PERSON, CHILD, OR PET TO WALK ON UNCURED PLASTER FINISH OR SWIM UNTIL POOL WATER IS BALANCED.
- DO USE AS MANY HOSES AS POSSIBLE TO FILL POOL. MAKE SURE FILTERS ARE ON END OF HOSE.
- DO MAKE SURE YOU OR SOMEONE ELSE IS ADDING A SEQUESTERING AGENT.
- 7. DO RUN POOL FILTER 24 HRS FOR THE FIRST 28 DAYS.
- 8. DO NOT RUN HEATER OR CLEANER FOR THE FIRST 28 DAYS.
- 9. DO NOT ADD SALT FOR 28-30 DAYS.
- 10. DO MAINTAIN A WELL BALANCED POOL. SEE BELOW

PLEASE UNDERSTAND STREAKING, GRAY DEPOSITS, SCALE, WHITE OR LIGHTER PASTY AREAS, A FADING APPEARANCE, STAINS DUE TO METALS IN THE WATER, YELLOWING OF THE FINISH ARE **NOT WARRANTY ISSUES**. CONTACT THE PERSON THAT STARTED THE POOL UP.

REMEMBER BRUSHING IS ESSENTIAL OR YOUR POOL FINISH WILL NOT MEET YOUR EXPECTATIONS. YOUR POOL FINISH WILL CURE FOR THE NEXT 10-12 MONTHS.

SOURCE WATER HAS CHANGED TREMENDOUSLY DURING THE PAST 8 YEARS DUE TO THE DRAUGHT AND FOLLOWING FLOODS. METALS ARE PRESENT IN HIGH LEVELS IN SOME AREAS. HAVE SOURCE WATER TESTED BEFORE FILLING POOL.

A.P.S.P.

 $\mathsf{BALANCED}\,\mathsf{POOL}_{DKM}$ 

TOTAL ALKALINIY 110-150 PPM FREE CHLORINE 1.0-3.0 PPM
PH 7.2 – 7.8 PPM TOTAL CHORINE 1.0-3.0 PPM
CALCIUM HARDNESS 200-275 PPM PHOSPHATES BELOW 100 PPB
CYA UNDER 100 PPM NITRATES BELOW 9 PPM

METALS ZERO

#### WEEKLY CHEMICAL INSTRUCTIONS

1<sup>ST</sup> SUNDAY—1) CHECK PH—ADD 1 PT ACID IF ABOVE 8.0 REPEAT EVERY 2 HRS UNTIL PH IS

BETWEEN 7.2-7.8 SUMMER 7.2- WINTER 7.8

- 2) CHECK CHLORINE S/B 1.0-3.0
- 3) BRUSH POOL
- 4) ADD 1# CHLORINE SHOCK PER 10K
- 5) CLEAN CARTRIDGE FILTER/BACKWASH FILTER

1<sup>ST</sup> MONDAY-ADD 80Z ALGAECIDE AND WEEKLY DOSE SEQUESTERING AGENT

2<sup>ND</sup> SUNDAY REPEAT STEPS 1-4 OF 1<sup>ST</sup> SUNDAY

2<sup>ND</sup> MONDAY- WEEKLY DOSE SEQUESTERING AGENT

3<sup>RD</sup> SUNDAY- REPEAT STEPS 1-3 OF 1<sup>ST</sup> SUNDAY

3<sup>RD</sup> MONDAY- ADD 80Z ALGAECIDE AND WEEKLY DOSE SEQUESTERING AGENT

4<sup>TH</sup> SUNDAY- REPEAT STEPS 1-3 OF FIRST SUNDAY

4<sup>TH</sup> MONDAY- WEEKLY DOSE SEQUESTERING AGENT

If there is a 5<sup>th</sup> Sunday, just treat as a 4th Sunday again that way you stay on schedule.

All you have to do is keep a watch on your filter pressure.

THIS IS SUMMER SCHEDULE. IN THE WINTER SHOCK POOL ONCE PER MONTH WITH NON CHLORINE OXIDIZER.

